Massengill Bridge Coal Creek Road over the Clinch River between River Miles 75 and 76 Norris vicinity Anderson County Tennessee

HAER No. TN-2

44E8 TEMN 1 - NOR.V

PHOTOGRAPHS

HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Engineering Record
National Park Service
Department of the Interior
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

MASSENGILL BRIDGE

TN-2

Location:

Coal Creek Road over the Clinch River between River Miles 75 and 76, Norris vicinity, Anderson County, Tennessee.

UTM:

Dates of Construction:

1916, 1930s

Builder:

Virginia Bridge and Iron Company of Tennessee, Roancke, Virginia

Owner:

Highway Supervisor, Anderson County Courthouse

Use:

No longer in use, scheduled for demolition.

Significance:

According to the bridge plague, the Massengill Bridge was erected in 1916 by the Virginia Bridge and Iron Company of Roanoke, Virginia. It was one of four bridges constructed through a bond issue by Anderson County in order to replace four ferries.

The bridge is 482 feet in length, the curb-to-curb width is 15 feet, and the out-to-out width is 18.1 feet. The bridge contains four steel truss spans and one girder span. These spans are 1) Pratt Through, seven panel, pin connected truss, 2) Pratt Through, seven panel, pin connected truss, 3) Camelback Through, nine-panel, pin connected truss, 4) Pratt Pony, four panel, pin connected truss, and 5) steel "I" beam girder span, vertical clearance for spans one and two is 19.1 feet and for span three is 16 feet rising to 22.5 feet in the center of the truss. The height of the panels of the fourth truss, a Pony truss, is 7.6 feet. The deck is wooden. The substructure is composed of two concrete abutments and four concrete piers. The only known major repairs to the bridge occurred in the 1930s, when the TVA extensively repaired the substructure.

The Massengill Bridge derives its primary significance from its engineering merits. Although the trusses are not unique, each is a typical example of representative truss types popular in the early 1900s. With three distinct types of truss designs in one bridge, collectively,

Massengill Bridge HAER No. TN-2 (Page 2)

the bridge acquires additional significance by presenting an overview of early twentieth century truss design.

The Virginia Bridge and Iron Company erected numerous bridges in the southeast in the 1900-1930 period and operated several branch offices. The largest branch office was in Memphis, Tennessee, and it is assumed that the Massengill Bridge was built by this branch office.

(Jack, George, History of Roanoke County. 1912. Available in the Virginia Room, Roanoke City Library; Roanoke Times, 27 January 1933; Roanoke World News, 29 January 1934; Shoofman, Charles. Anderson County Road Supervisor, Clinton, Tennessee. Interview, 13 July 1981.)

Transmitted by:

Jean P. Yearby, 1984, from data compiled by Martha Carver, historian for the Tennessee Department of Transportation.

Pier d Abut. 2 Pier 3 Pier 2 Pier 1

5pen 4

161.3' Span 3

121.5' Span 2

120.7°

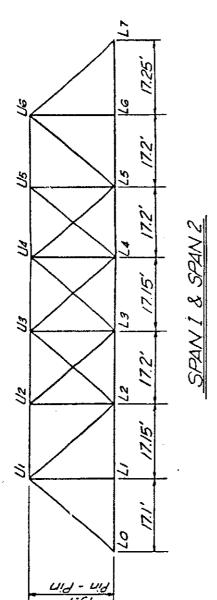
479.61

Bridge built in 1916 by: Virginia Bridge & Iron Co. of Tenn. Roanoke, Vo.

BRIOGE LAYOUT Br. No. 01- A088 -353

ANDERSON COUNTY

Prepared By Flynt Engineering Company, Knoxville

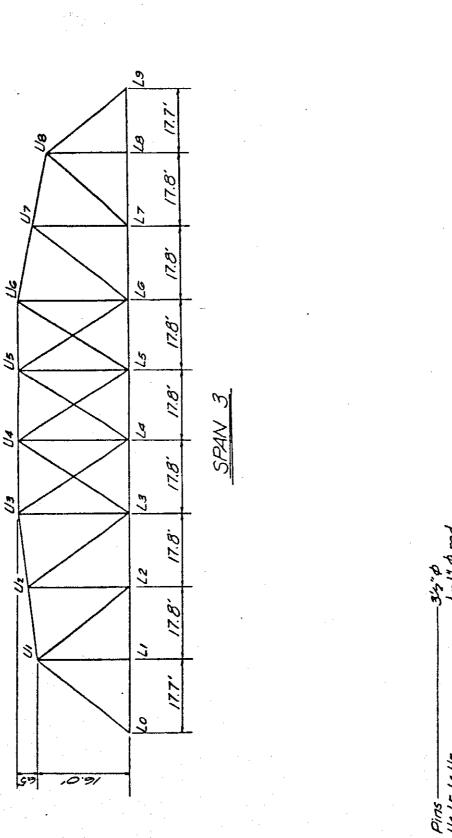


SPAN 182

Br. No. 01- 4088 -353

Prepared By Flynt Engineering Company, Knoxville

ANDERSON COUNTY



SPAN 3 B. No. 01- 4088 -353

L3 Vá, US L6-U3 L4, UG L5-13 13, 17 10 U1 12, U8 L7

62,6263-

60,6364

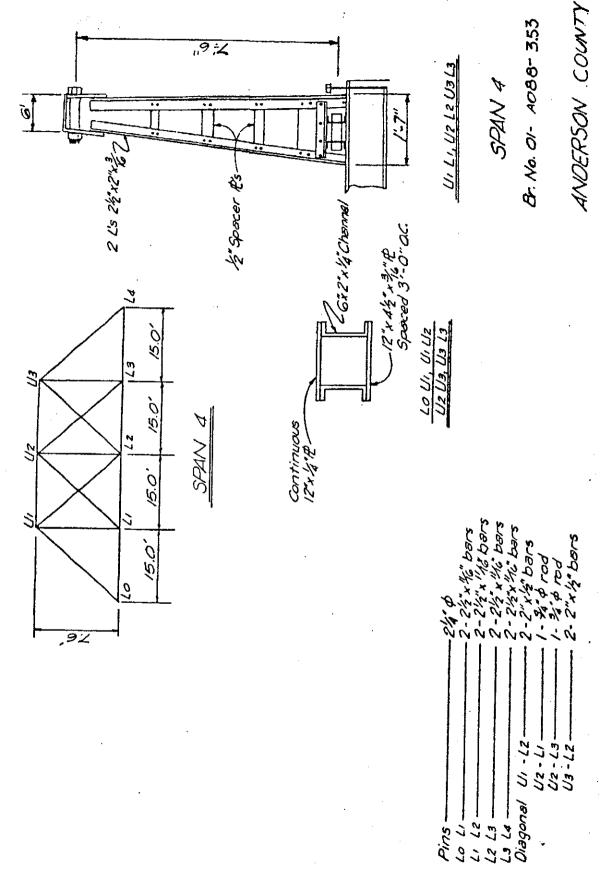
13,60 61

See Details for topchord and vertical members

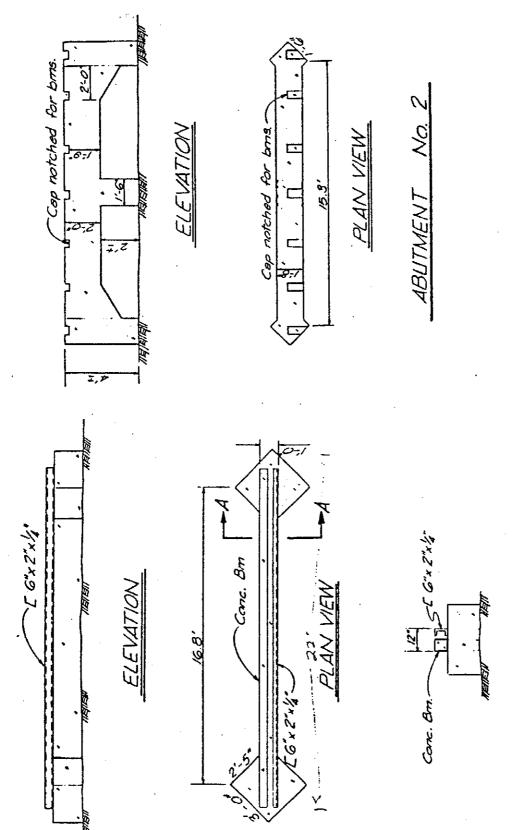
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ANDERSON COUNTY

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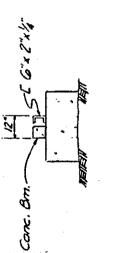


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Br. No. 01- 4088 -3.53 ABUTMENT DETAIL

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